			Measurement			
			COMPARING AND ESTIMATING			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	<ul> <li>compare, describe and solve practical problems for:</li> <li>* lengths and heights [e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]</li> <li>* mass/weight [e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]</li> <li>* capacity and volume [e.g. full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]</li> <li>* time [e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later]</li> </ul>	compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =		estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence (also included in Measuring)	calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres (cm <sup>2</sup> ) and square metres (m <sup>2</sup> ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes (also included in measuring) estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm <sup>3</sup> blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water)	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed (cm <sup>3</sup> ) and cubic metres (m <sup>3</sup> ), and extending to other units such as mm <sup>3</sup> and km <sup>3</sup> .
	sequence events in chronological order using language [e.g. before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]	compare and sequence intervals of time	compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and			

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	Maths Curriculum Progression							
		oʻcloo	ck; use vocabulary such a	S				
		a.m./	p.m., morning, afternoor	) <i>,</i>				
		noon	and midnight (appears als	o in				
		Telling	g the Time)					
		MEASU	JRING and CALCULATING	ì				
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
	measure and begin to	choose and use appropriate	measure, compare,	estimate, compare	use all four operations	solve problems		
	record the following:	standard units to estimate	add and subtract:	and calculate	to solve problems	involving the		
	* lengths and heights	and measure length/height	lengths (m/cm/mm);	different	involving measure	calculation and		
	* mass/weight	in any direction (m/cm);	mass (kg/g);	measures,	(e.g. length, mass,	conversion of <b>units of</b>		
	* capacity and	mass (kg/g); temperature	volume/capacity	including money in	volume, money) using	measure, using		
	volume	(°C); <b>capacity</b> (litres/ml) to	(l/ml)	pounds and pence	decimal notation	decimal notation up		
	* time (hours,	the nearest appropriate		(appears also in	including scaling.	to three decimal		
	minutes, seconds)	unit, using rulers, scales,		Comparing)	0.000	places where		
	······································	thermometers and				appropriate		
		measuring vessels				(appears also in		
						Converting)		
			measure the	measure and	measure and calculate	recognise that shapes		
			perimeter of simple	calculate the	the <b>perimeter</b> of	with the same areas		
			2-D shapes	perimeter of a	composite rectilinear	can have different		
				rectilinear figure	shapes in centimetres	perimeters and vice		
				(including squares)	and metres	versa		
				in centimetres and		VCISA		
				metres				

			MEASURING and	d CALCULATING		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money	add and subtract amounts of <b>money</b> to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts			
		solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change		find the area of	calculate and compare the	calculate the area of
				rectilinear shapes by	area of squares and rectangles including using	parallelograms and triangles
				counting squares	standard units, square centimetres (cm <sup>2</sup> ) and square metres (m <sup>2</sup> ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm <sup>3</sup> ) and cubic metres (m <sup>3</sup> ), and extending to other units [e.g. mm <sup>3</sup> and km <sup>3</sup> ].
					( <sup>2</sup> ) and cubed <sup>3</sup> ) (copied from Multiplication and Division)	recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes

			TELLING THE TIM	E		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	tell the time to the hour         and half past the hour         and draw the hands on a         clock face to show these         times.         recognise and use         language relating to         dates, including days of         the week, weeks,	tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.	tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24- hour clocks estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and	read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24- hour clocks (appears also in Converting)		
	months and years	(appears also in Converting)	compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight (appears also in Comparing and Estimating)			
				solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days (appears also in Converting)	solve problems involving converting between units of time	

			CONVERTING			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. (appears also in Telling the Time)	know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year	convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute)	convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)	use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
				read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks (appears also in Converting)	solve problems involving converting between units of time	solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate (appears also in Measuring and Calculating)
				solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days (appears also in Telling the Time)	understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints	convert between miles and kilometres

	VOCABULARY							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Full, half, empty	Full, half full,	Quarter past/to m/km, g/kg,	Leap year	Convert	Volume			
Holds	empty Holds	ml/l	Twelve-hour/twenty-four- hour clock		Imperial units, metric units			
Container	Container	Temperature (degrees)						
Weigh, weighs, balance	Weigh, weighs, balances		Roman numerals I to XIII					
Heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest	Heavy, heavier, heaviest, light, lighter, lightest							
Scales	Scales							
Time	Time							
Days of the week: Monday, Tuesday etc.	Days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, etc.							
Seasons: Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter	Seasons: spring, summer, autumn, winter							
Days, week, month, year,	Day, week, month, year, weekend							
weekend	Birthday, holiday							
Birthday, holiday	Morning,							
Morning, afternoon, evening, night	afternoon, evening, night, midnight							
Bedtime,	Bedtime,							

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dinnertime,	dinnertime,			
playtime	playtime			
	prayente			
	Today, yesterday,			
Today, yesterday,				
tomorrow	tomorrow			
Before, after,	Before, after			
next, last				
here, last	Next, last			
Quickast fastast				
Quickest, fastest,	Now, soon, early,			
slowest	late			
Clock	Quick, quicker,			
	quickest, quickly,			
	fast, faster, fastest,			
0	slow, slower,			
Once	slowest, slowly			
First, second, third	Old, older, oldest,			
	new, newer,			
Estimate	newest			
	newest			
Too many, too	Takes longer, takes			
	-			
few	less time			
Length, height	Hour, o'clock, half			
	past			
Longer, longest,				
shorter, shortest,	Clock, watch,			
taller, tallest,	hands			
higher, highest				
mener, menest	How long ago?			
	how long will it be			
Money, coin,				
penny, pence,	to?, how long will			
pound, price, cost,	it take to?, how			
buy, sell, spend,	often?			
spent, pay,				
change	Always, never,			
change				

		Maths Curriculum Prog	10551011	 
How much? How many?	often, sometimes, usually			
	Once, twice			
Total	First, second, third, etc.			
	Estimate, close to, about the same as, just over, just under			
	Too many, too few, not enough, enough			
	Length, width, height, depth			
	Long, longer, longest, short, shorter shortest, tall, taller, tallest, high, higher, highest			
	Low, wide, narrow, deep, shallow, thick, thin			
	Far, near, close			
	Metre, ruler, metre stick			
	Money, coin, penny, pence, pound, price, cost,			

		8		
buy,	, sell, spend,			
spen	nt, pay,			
chan	nge, dear(er),			
costs	ts more, costs			
less,	, cheaper,			
costs	ts the same as			
How	v much? how			
man	ny?			
Tota	al			